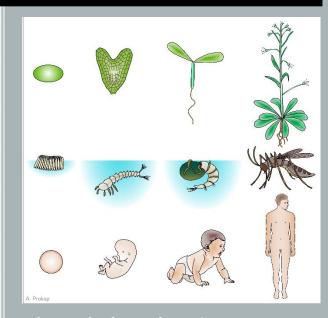
Curriculum Skills and Progression Relationships and Sex Education





The Nebula Federation
Hainford Primary School



Skills Map - Relationships and Sex Education

RSE will deliver a spiral curriculum that enables pupils to build on their prior learning by revisiting themes to enable pupils to build on their prior learning by revisiting some themes to further develop knowledge, values and skills in an age and stage-appropriate manner. As such, some themes are repeated to enable a deeper exploration of the related issues.

R Year group Reception

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help		
Pupils can identify a range of feelings and how these are expressed, including words to describe them and simple strategies for managing feelings.	Pupils know the importance of basic personal hygiene and understand how to maintain basic personal hygiene.	Pupils understand that there are similarities and differences between everyone and can celebrate this.	Pupils can recognize what they like and dislike and feel empowered to make real, informed choices.	Pupils understand the concept of privacy, including the right to keep things private and the right another person has to privacy.	Pupils can identify the special people in their lives, what makes them special and how special people care for one another.		
	Skills Outcomes						
 Can they name the main body parts? Can they show that family and friends should care for each other? Can they identify and respect differences and similarities between people? 			 To recognise some feelings To recognise that their behaviour affects other people, especially when angry To know who to ask for help To understand that there are different types of families To know how the body changes since birth To name parts of the body and their uses To understand some basic hygiene principles To know how to keep clean To know how to look after themselves 				
Key Vocabulary							
Clean, similar, different, family, boy, girl, male, female, body part, penis, vagina, safe,							



1 Year Group One

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils are able to communicate about feelings, to recognize how others show feelings and know how to respond.	Pupils can correctly name the main parts of the body, including external genitalia using scientific terms.	Pupils understand the importance of listening to other people, to play and work collaboratively including strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation.	Pupils can identify and respect the differences and similarities between people.	Pupils understand how some diseases are spread, including the right to be protected from diseases and the responsibility to protect others.	Pupils can identify the people who look after them, who to go to if they are worried and how to attract their attention.
 Skills Can they name the main body parts? Can they explain and show that family and friends should care for each other? Can they identify and respect the differences and similarities between people? 			 To know who to To know how I a To understand ti To know how pe To know the diff To understand s To know how to 	m special hat babies become childre cople grow and change erence between boy and a ome basic hygiene princip	en and then adults girl babies
		Key Voc	cabulary		



2 Year Group Two

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help	
Pupils can recognise and celebrate their strengths and achievements and set simple but challenging goals.	Pupils can recognise how they grow and will change as they become older.	Pupils can recognise different types of teasing and bullying, understanding that these are wrong and unacceptable.	Pupils can identify the ways in which people and families are unique, understanding there has never been and will never be another one of them.	Pupils understand the can judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable and uncomfortable and how to respond.	Pupils know the difference between secrets and surprises and the importance of not keeping a secret that make them feel uncomfortable, worried or afraid.	
	Skills Outcomes					
 Can they explair each other? 	the main body parts? In and show that family and In and respect the different In Property of the different		 To know how I a To know how I b To describe som To describe how To describe som To understand b To know how to 	pelong le differences between bo people change over time le differences between ma	ys and girls	
Key Vocabulary						
Clean, similar, different,	sex, gender roles, stereot	ypes, boy, girl, male, fema	le, body part			



3 Year Group Three

Pupils can identify their personal strengths and set aspirational goals for themselves, understanding how this contributes to and builds self-esteem. Pupils know how their body may change as they grow and develop, how to care for their body and celebrate their uniqueness. Skills Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they recognise the risks and how to behave appropriately Can they understand how their body changes over time Are they aware of different types of touch Pupils can recognise a wide range of relationships, including attributes of positive, healthy relationships. Pupils can challenge gender stereotypes, understand the right to protect their body from unwanted touch. Skills Outcomes To understand how families have different family members To identify who to go to for help and support To know how I belong To understand how to overcome peer pressure To understand different kinds of touch and personal space To give real life advice and problem solve To know the differences between males and females To understand how my body changes throughout my life	My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they recognise the risks and how to behave appropriately Can they understand how their body changes over time Are they aware of different types of touch To understand how families have different family members To identify who to go to for help and support To know how I belong To understand how to overcome peer pressure To understand different kinds of touch and personal space To give real life advice and problem solve To explore gender stereotypes To know the differences between males and females To understand how my body changes throughout my life 	personal strengths and set aspirational goals for themselves, understanding how this contributes to and builds	body may change as they grow and develop, how to care for their body and celebrate their	wide range of relationships, including attributes of positive,	gender stereotypes, understanding that there is not one way to be a boy, or one way to be a	right to protect their body from unwanted	difference between secrets and surprise, knowing when it is right to break a confidence
	 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they recognise the risks and how to behave appropriately Can they understand how their body changes over time 			 To identify who To know how I b To understand h To understand d To give real life a To explore gend To know the diff 	ow families have different to go to for help and supp selong ow to overcome peer pre different kinds of touch and advice and problem solve er stereotypes ferences between males a	ssure d personal space nd females
Key Vocabulary						

Stereotypes, gender roles, similar, different, male, female, body part, penis, vagina,



4 Year Group Four

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help		
Pupils can recognise and respond to a wide range of emotions in themselves and others and know ways to respond.	Pupils can reflect on how their body has changed and anticipate body changes, understanding that some are related to puberty.	Pupils are able to judge what kind of physical behaviours and contact are acceptable and unacceptable, and ways to respond.	Pupils recognise differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors including family types and personal identity.	Pupils know marriage is a commitment freely entered into by both people, and that no one should marry if they don't absolutely want to or are making the decision freely for themselves.	Pupils can recognise when they may need help to manage a situation and have developed the skills to ask for help.		
	Skills Outcomes						
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? To understand how families have different family members To identify who to go to for help and support To know how I belong To explore gender stereotypes To know the differences between males and females To understand how my body changes throughout my life To understand what puberty is To know about the physical and emotional changes of puberty To understand that each person experiences puberty differently 							
		Key Vo	cabulary				
Stereotypes, gender role	es, similar, different, male	, female, penis, vagina, pı	uberty, period, pregnancy				



5 Year Group Five

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help
Pupils can anticipate how their emotions may change as they approach and/or move through puberty.	Pupils can anticipate how their body may change as they approach and/or move through puberty.	Pupils can identify healthy relationships and recognise the skills to manage and maintain healthy relationships.	Pupils know the correct terms associated with gender identity and sexual orientation, and the unacceptability of homophobic and transphobic bullying.	Pupils have strategies for keeping safe online; knowing personal information including images of themselves and others can be shared easily and without their permission.	Pupils have considered how to manage accidental exposure to explicit images, and upsetting online material, including who to talk to about what they have seen.
	Skills			Outcomes	
 Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? Can they use strategies to cope with changes? To understand how families have different to understand how families have different to the composition of the pand superior of the p					oort oughout my life ing strategies
		Key Vo	cabulary		
Stereotypes, gender role	es, similar, different, male	, female, penis, vagina, pe	riod, puberty, hormones		



6 Year Group Six

My feelings	My body	My relationships	My beliefs	My rights and responsibilities	Asking for help	
Pupils can recognise how images in the media, including online do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves.	Pupils can explain what sexual intercourse is and how this leads to reproduction, using the correct, scientific terms to describe the male and female organs.	Pupils realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, including the use of prejudicial based language.	Pupils know some cultural practices are against British law and universal human rights, including female genital mutilation (FGM).	Pupils have an awareness that infections can be shared during sexual intercourse, and that a condom can help to prevent this.	Pupils develop the confidence and skills to know when, who and how to ask for help independently or with support.	
 Skills Can they recognise and challenge stereotypes? Can they understand how the body changes throughout life? Are they aware of puberty? Can they recognise the emotional and physical changes of puberty? Are they aware of risks and how to deal with them? 			 Outcomes To understand what hormones are To explore different strategies to deal with changes To explain physical changes in males and females (periods, puberty) To be able to identify some risks in specific situations To be able to identify what influences their decisions To understand how self-confidence, communication skills and assertiveness can help them to keep safe 			
Key Vocabulary						

Stereotypes, gender roles, similar, different, male, female, penis, vagina, period, puberty, risk, challenge, decision